

AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION:

Please amend the paragraph beginning on page 16, line 1 as follows:

The flaps 16 may be snapped into the trim flange 14 by pressing the projections [[50]] 52 of each flap 16 into the respective pair of recesses [[48]] 50 either before or after the trim flange 14 is connected to the mounting flange 12. When different shaped flaps 16 are used as in the illustrated embodiment, care must be exercised to place each flap 16 in its appropriate position in the trim flange 14.

Please amend the paragraph beginning on page 27, line 3 as follows:

Vent 160 includes a mounting flange 162 which is connected to the wall 8, a generally cylindrical sleeve member 164 removably connected to the mounting flange 162, a lint grill 166 connected to the sleeve member 164 and adapted to extend across the opening of the duct 6, a flap plate frame 168 which is pressed against the wall 8 by the sleeve member 164 and a flap 170 pivotally mounted to the flap plate frame 168. Flap 170 has a closed position in which it covers the lint grill 166 (see the flap [[168]] 170 in solid lines in FIG. 14) and an open position in which it is pivoted outward to allow air flow through the lint grill 166 (see the flap 170 in phantom lines in FIG. 14). An air flow through the duct 6 and lint grill 166 exerts pressure against the flap 170 and causes it to pivot outward and allow the

air flow through the vent 160. When the air flow through the duct 6 ceases, the flap 170 returns to its closed position by the effect of gravity.

Please amend the paragraph beginning on page 33, line 20 as follows:

The flap plate frame [[168]] 222 includes a rectangular, peripheral wall 228 including two rectangular depressions 230, 232, a rim 234 extending rearward from an outer circumferential edge of the rectangular wall 228 (on all four sides of the rectangular wall 228), and a cylindrical wall 236 extending inward from an inner edge of the rectangular wall 228. Cylindrical wall [[228]] 236 is arranged around the seat 226 and is adapted to be positioned in the aperture defined by the wall 8. The sleeve member 164 is arranged in the cylindrical wall [[228]] 236.

Please amend the paragraph beginning on page 34, line 5 as follows:

The formation of the depressions 230, 232 on the rectangular wall 228 is substantially for decoration purposes only and various other decorative designs can be formed on the rectangular wall 228. However, the innermost depression 232 is also designed to accommodate the flap 224 so that the depression 232 should have the same shape as the flap 224. In addition, the shape of the flap plate frame 222 as a rectangle can be varied, i.e., the

flap plate frame ([228]) 222 can be in the shape of an oval, a square and other geometric shapes. Thus, in an alternative construction, an oval flap plate frame can be formed with an oval depression and used with an oval flap.

Please amend the paragraph beginning on page 38, line 12 as follows:

Alternative attachment mechanism for attaching the rotary disc 258 to the disc portion 282 which enable the rotary disc 258 to rotate relative to the disc portion 282 are also envisioned. For example, the spokes 274 and center axle 276 may be provided to enable a screw to be inserted through the aligning apertures in the rotary disc 258 and the disc portion 282 of the trim flange 256 into engagement with a threaded aperture 306 in the center axle 276. Thus, the spokes 274 and center axle 276 can be provided to support the spring arms 278 and/or enable rotatable attachment of the rotary disc 258 to the trim flange 256. Nevertheless, the spokes 274 and center axle 276 can be eliminated when the spring arms 278 are eliminated and the rotary disc 258 is attached to the trim flange 256 using the screw 298 and nut 300. As noted above, elimination of the spring arms 278 would require another mechanism for engaging the trim flange 256 to the mounting flange 254.

Please amend the paragraph beginning on page 39, line 22 as follows:

The rotary disc 258 is attached to the disc portion 282 of the trim flange 254, e.g., by inserting the screw 298 through aligning apertures in the disc portion 290 of the rotary disc 258 and the disc portion 282 of the trim flange 254 and threading the nut [[306]] 300 onto the end of the screw 298. The nut 300 is fastened but not tightened so that rotation of the rotary disc 258 relative to the disc portion 282 is possible.

Please amend the paragraph beginning on page 40, line 13 as follows:

The final step in the installation procedure is to orient the rotary disc 258 to provide the desired flow of air and direction thereof. The rotary disc 258 is rotated relative to the trim flange 256 to vary the correspondence between the openings 296 between the spokes 294 of the rotary disc 258 and the openings 286 between the spokes [[286]] 284 of the disc portion 282 of the trim flange 256. If the openings 286 and 296 are in complete correspondence, a maximum flow of air will be provided by the vent 250 whereas if the openings 296 of the rotary disc 258 align with the spokes 284 of the disc portion 282, there will not be any flow of air through the vent 250. Between these two extreme positions, any desired position can be selected.

Please amend the paragraph beginning on page 42, line 8 as follows:

The rotary discs 258 are attached to the face plate 318 by an appropriate attachment mechanism such as by inserting a screw 330 through aligning apertures in each rotary disc 258 and a respective disc portion 322 of the face plate 318 and threading a nut 332 onto the end of each screw 330 (see FIG. 24). The nuts 332 are fastened but not tightened so that rotation of the rotary discs 258 relative to the disc portions 322 is possible.

Alternative attachment ~~mechanism~~ mechanisms for attaching the rotary discs 258 to the disc portions 322 which enable the rotary discs 258 to rotate relative to the disc portions 322 are also envisioned.